

UNDERGROUND WIRES NEEDED

Unwise for Government to Rely on Air Communication. Cables Congested.

STORMS WROUGHT HAVOC

Peace to Come Only When Futility of Germany's Selfish Warfare Is Demonstrated.

(By David Lawrence.)
(Special to Chattanooga News, Copy-right, 1918, by New York Evening Post Company.)

Washington, April 15.—Storms that have wrought havoc with the telegraph wires of both companies have imposed a virtual censorship on news from the national capital as well as crippled government communications for war business. With the exception of a few wires which are being used by the press associations and for the transmission of messages for the state, war and navy departments, Washington has been struggling along with hardly any communication with New York and eastern cities during the last two days. Much of the wire trouble is between Philadelphia and New York, but most of the messages addressed by Washington correspondents in the last forty-eight hours to western points as well have been turned back to them. Telephone facilities are also inadequate. Mails are delayed.

And this at the most critical moment of the war illustrates the unwisdom of the government in relying on air communication when the number of underground wires might have been increased as a matter of military necessity during the past year. For delays in messages at this juncture in the war may easily cause embarrassment to the government.

Incoming cables are also understood to be congested. In fact, the pressure for wire and cable space on the part of our government is growing to such a point where the sending of news may soon have to be appreciably diminished.

Cannot Afford to Withdraw.

Briefly summarized, the national capital has been watching with much anxiety in the last two days the renewal by the Germans of their super-

OTHER GATEWAYS TO PARIS



Even though the Germans take Amiens—and Gen. Foch says they shall not—Paris is not cut off from America and England, as the map above shows. Should Amiens fall, closing the route (1) Dover to Calais to Amiens to Paris, armies and supplies could move from Dover and Calais via Rouen to Paris, and, if the Germans should get farther west and close that line, the best of all, from Portsmouth and Le Havre would still be open.

offensive. Reiterated statements that the British were being compelled to give ground steadily have tended to upset confidence somewhat in the reserve power of the allied army, but Field Marshal Haig's statement that "every position must be held—there must be no retirement," is now taken to mean that the British can no longer afford to withdraw for strategic reasons and are literally "fighting with their backs to the wall" in defense not only of the railroad between the channel and Paris, but the vital approaches to Calais.

Hardly any news has reached here of the part that American troops are playing in the great struggle. That they will be of tremendous assistance in the reserve army is expected, notwithstanding the small size of the American contingent, for fresh troops always have an effect far beyond their numbers in stimulating the morale of the veterans and, besides, Gen. Pershing has dispatched to the British and French lines the very best battalions trained in the last six months.

No Feeling of Despair.

But while the battle rages with fierce intensity, there is no feeling of despair, but on the contrary, a dogged determination to see the struggle through, no matter if German successes continue. Undoubtedly, it has been Germany's confident belief that a serious break through the allied lines

would lead to a demoralization of the allied peoples and a craven receptiveness to peace overtures. So far as the United States government is concerned, a break in the allied lines, even if it included the capture of Amiens and Paris, would not mean the end, but merely the beginning of a long struggle to help recover them. Territory lost or gained is not so important now as the breaking of a colossal military power which has confirmed every denunciation of its ruthlessness by the calm sacrifice of thousands and thousands of men on the western front for merely a few miles of terrain.

Austria a Vassal State.

Even the sensational publication of Emperor Charles' letter revealing Austria's readiness to recognize the "just claims" of France to Alsace-Lorraine which might, under other circumstances, have been taken as an opening wedge for a general peace passed off as official Washington as simply "interesting history" and proof positive that the militarism of Germany had made of Austria merely a vassal state. While reasons for President Wilson's effort to show a conciliatory spirit to Austria in all his messages now become patent to the world, the fact is that he has been constantly well informed concerning the real situation in the dual monarchy and only reluctantly was the decision made to sever diplomatic relations and declare

a state of war. The enforced use of Austrian troops on the western front where they would surely oppose the American army, outweigh all diplomatic obstacles, but even this did not sweep aside a certain tendency on the part of the Austrian leaders to regard Washington as their ultimate friend in the making of a general peace. Today, however, when the chance of a break between Germany and Austria is considered remote, due to the excellence of German precautions, all emphasis is placed on the principle business in hand—defeating the German army. For several days talk of peace has been coming out of Austria, it being desired by Berlin politicians to give the impression the entente is or has been secretly negotiating for peace.

When Futility is Shown Up.

The publication of the Austrian emperor's letter is expected to quell the propaganda, though the best damper on any peace talk is the distressing situation on the western front. To all Washington it seems clear that there never will be peace while the armies of democracy are at a disadvantage. There will be peace only when the futility of what Germany is now doing in utter disregard of human life to gain selfish objects is fully demonstrated not merely to the outside world, but to the people of Germany themselves.

AMERICANS KILLED ON FRENCH FRONT

Gen. Pershing's Sunday Casualty List Numbers 13 Dead, 4 Missing, 42 Wounded.

Washington, April 15.—The casualty list Sunday contained sixty-seven names, divided as follows:

Killed in action	10
Died of wounds	3
Died of disease	4
Died of accident	2
Died of other causes	2
Missing in action	4
Seriously wounded	31
Slightly wounded	31

The names of eight officers appear in the list. Capt. J. F. Hardesty and Lieut. John S. Amott and Harold A. Goodrich are missing in action; Lieut. John J. Galvin was killed in action; Lieut. Edmund Patton Glover died from wounds; Lieut. Harold B. Gray and Martin A. Chambers were wounded severely, and Lieut. Edward A. Christofferson was wounded slightly.

The list follows:

Killed in Action.
LIEUTENANT.
John Galvin.
CORPORALS.
M. L. Buchanan, J. F. McDermott, Henry F. Caron, Joseph Snyder.

PRIVATES.
Thos. H. Berube, Stanley Folsey, Ludewico Borelli, Jas. R. Linton, L. L. Dalton.

Died of Wounds.
LIEUTENANT.
Edmund Patton Glover.
PRIVATES.
H. P. Fitzgerald, C. A. Matthias.

Died of Disease.
PRIVATES.
J. J. Callahan, N. A. Jensen, M. S. Horsley, John J. Louian.

Died of Accident.
CORPORAL.
Winthrop V. Rodewald.
PRIVATE.
Harry Kramer.

Died of Other Causes.
PRIVATES.
Clinton A. Grant, James B. Reed.

Missing in Action.
CAPTAIN.
J. F. Hardesty.
LIEUTENANTS.
John S. Abbott, H. A. Goodrich, Louis Epstein.

Wounded Severely.
LIEUTENANTS.
Harold B. Gray, M. A. Chambers.

SERGEANT.
Marland A. McPhetres.
CORPORAL.
Carl A. Thorell.
MECHANIC.
Frederick E. Ruchelshausen.

PRIVATES.
Francis Keenan, Giacinto Damasci, John McGuire, George D. Foy, A. S. Graham, Zygmunt Stefanski.

Wounded Slightly.
LIEUTENANT.
Edward A. Christofferson.
SERGEANTS.
Seth A. Becker, William Quinn, J. E. Johnson.

COOKS.
Wm. J. Penn, J. K. Johnston.
PRIVATES.
Edward C. Rader, W. J. Latham, Geo. C. Butcher, Frank J. May, Louis U. Chartier, P. J. Pedersen, Jos. A. Deland, Wm. P. Ryan, Victor Dovan, M. J. Shannon, H. T. Fraser, H. T. Seigfried, B. H. Freeman, Stephen Skelskey, Michael Glueck, Ernest B. Stotion, Collin L. Hadley, Leon Stomsky, Thos. F. Hanlon, Chas. H. Swank, Geo. W. Hickey, J. B. G. Valentine, W. F. Kelleher.

Gen. Pershing also reported that Privates John F. Ellis, Francis J. Osgood and Russell L. Selis, previously reported erroneously as killed in action, were severely wounded.

NORSE PLAN TO BECOME LESS DEPENDENT ON OTHERS

Christiania, March 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—In the effort of the Norwegian government to make the country more independent of outside nations, proposals have been accepted for the erection of great iron and steel rolling mills at Narvik, in north Norway. The government owns a waterpower in this district sufficient to develop 180,000 horsepower for the use of the mills.

GOVERNMENT OF INDIA'S BUDGET SHOWS SURPLUS

Delhi, India, March 20.—(Correspondence of the Associated Press.)—The annual budget presented by the government of India shows a surplus of \$2,550,000, due to the favorable weather of the past year and the record receipts of the state railways. Owing to this large surplus, no fresh taxes are proposed for the coming year, but a British war loan of unlimited amount will again be raised, as last year.

CHARLES BESSER ARRESTED FOR FAILURE TO REGISTER

Norfolk, Va., April 15.—Charles Besser, who admitted that he is a native of Germany, who was arrested here Sunday night by department of justice agents charged with failure to register, was ordered held pending indictment proceedings. He was a member of the crew of a steamship.

LIBERTY BOND DRIVE BOOSTED IN HARRIMAN

Little "Key City of South" Goes "Over the Top"—\$30,000 Subscribed.

(Special to The News.)
Harriman, Tenn., April 15.—Saturday was a red-letter day for Harriman in the way of inaugurating and boosting a drive for the third issue of liberty bonds, and the little "Key City of the South" did herself proud and went "over the top" in her grand and magnificent demonstration.

At 2 o'clock a procession was formed on Route street, at the custom house, three-fifths of a mile in length, headed by the gallant Boy Scouts, in uniform, and the G. A. R. veterans, and in which were all the fraternal orders of the city, the schools—teachers and children—the employees of the various manufacturing industries, all carrying products emblematic of their respective vocations, in addition to bearing banners and flags, and citizens generally and promiscuously on foot and in automobiles and other conveyances, all of which were resplendently and elaborately decorated with flags and national colors, the Red Cross being conspicuous and prominently displayed throughout the entire procession, in which there were at least 3,000 people participating.

When the handsome new school building, which was the objective point, was reached the immense throng of marchers, together with the hundreds who had preceded them, entered the spacious auditorium, where Mayor Anderson presided, and Rev. J. J. Robinette offered the invocation, and after brief preliminary remarks by L. E. Goodman and others, Mayor Anderson introduced Gen. Harvey H. Harnish, of Oliver Springs, the chief speaker of the day, who, in his happy, inimitable way, delivered an address that held the vast audience spellbound and incited the people to action, and after which about \$30,000 of liberty bonds were subscribed for.

The people of Harriman and Roane county generally are thoroughly aroused to the importance of the issue at hand.

JOSH SMITH SHOT IN HEAD BY NEPHEW

(Special to The News.)
Scottsboro, Ala., April 15.—Late Saturday evening Josh Smith was shot by his nephew, Walter Smith, at the latter's home, a few miles southwest of here.

It is alleged that the nephew was in an intoxicated condition and on coming home began abusing his family. His uncle promptly interfered and tried to prevent the abuse. Young Smith is said to have picked up a shotgun and fired, the shot taking effect in the head of Josh Smith, and also in scattering shots striking two of Smith's children. The wounds are not serious, the shot being No. 7 bird shot. No arrests have been made.

KNIGHTS OF COLUMBUS WILL SPEND \$28,000,000

New York, April 15.—The war work activities of the Knights of Columbus will require the expenditure of approximately \$28,000,000 by July 1, 1919, according to a statement by James A. Flaherty, supreme knight, at a quarterly meeting of the organization here Sunday. Nearly \$6,000,000 now is on hand, he said, and it was believed that \$12,000,000 would be available by June 1 of this year.

DOCTOR COULD NOT HELP HER

But Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound Saved Her from a Serious Operation.

Brooklyn, N. Y.—"I suffered something dreadful from a displacement and two very bad attacks of inflammation. My doctor said he could do nothing more for me and I would have to go to the hospital for an operation, but Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound and Sanative Wash have entirely cured me of my troubles and I am now in good health. I am willing you should use my testimonial and hope to benefit other suffering women by so doing."—Mrs. E. PLATT, 9 Woodbine St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

Operations upon women in our hospitals are constantly on the increase, but before submitting to an operation for ailments peculiar to their sex every woman owes it to herself to give that famous root and herb remedy, Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, a trial. If complications exist write Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass., for advice.

The next time you buy calomel ask for

Calotabs

The purified calomel tablets that are entirely free of all sickening and salivating effects.

Medicinal virtues vastly improved. Guaranteed by your druggist. Sold only in sealed packages. Price 35c.



Skin trouble costs many a man his job

No matter how efficient a man may be, if he has an ugly skin-eruption, there are positions in which he cannot be tolerated. He may know that it is not in the least contagious, but other people are afraid, they avoid him, and he must make way for a man with a clear, healthy skin. Why run this risk, when

Resinol
Ointment and Resinol Soap stop itching and clear away eczema and similar humors so quickly and easily?
All druggists sell Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap.

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JOE. J. BORK
CANDIDATE FOR
Justice of the Peace
FIRST CIVIL DISTRICT
City of Chattanooga

To the People of Chattanooga:
I am a candidate for re-election to the position of Justice of the Peace for the First Civil District, my candidacy being subject to the Democratic Primary to be held April 24th.

On account of the present serious war conditions, I have not thought it advisable to make a thorough canvass. I know that the mind of the people is bent on prosecuting the war to a vigorous end above all else. However, I want my friends and those who shall make the nomination to this important office to know that I will appreciate the vote and influence of everyone.

As a member of the County Court, I have always acted with an eye single and alone to the interest of all the people. I have voted for those appropriations which I thought the majority of my constituents favored. I regret that on account of the financial conditions I could not support all appropriations asked for. I have realized that our country has grown by leaps and bounds and that a majority of our people wanted us to keep abreast of the progress of the times. I have tried to do my duty in every respect, and I am sure that those who know me best, in all instances, know that I have been conscientious in every official act I have performed.

I point with especial pride to my work as Chairman of the Hamilton County Poor Commission. Each and every grand jury which has investigated the Hamilton County Hospital has praised the clean and economical way the same has been administered.

Inasmuch as the membership in the County Court will, after September next, be limited to a small number, many of my friends think on account of my experience I can be of more help to the people at large in the future than I have been in the past. If nominated and elected to this important position, I promise to do my utmost to protect the treasury of the County and to see that only those appropriations which are absolutely necessary shall have my support.

An inquiry of the Criminal Court officials will show any interested taxpayer that my office has always been a source of revenue to the County. In making this record I think no one will charge that I have been oppressive, but that in every official act I have performed I have had in mind both the interests of the taxpayers and the individual interests of those whose rights I passed upon.

I appeal for the support of all and promise that if I am re-elected to this important position, those who support me shall have no regrets.
Respectfully,
JOE J. BORK.



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From Arctic ice, to the torrid lands beneath the Southern Cross —
From towns tucked in the mountains, to the busy river's mouth —

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